A NAVIGATION SYSTEM FOR URBAN BUS SERVICE
R Karthik1*, Sandeep G1, Varun Kumar M2
1*Student, MCA, SITE, VIT University, Vellore, India-632014.
2Assistant Professor, TIFAC-CORE, VIT University, Vellore, India-632014.
Email: r.karthik2015@vit.ac.in

Received on 25-10-2016 Accepted on 02-11-2016

Abstract
This paper presents a idea of navigation system for public transport which is very much needed for the fastest developing cities in the world, has transportation is becoming a major issues in most of the developed cities ,we try to utilize idea of internet of things (IOT) has a great emerging ideas to overcome existing disadvantages of public transport system to engage smart technology into real life urban bus services at least cost based sensors that gives information to the cloud servers that helps public to track buses, an user interface is built so that passengers can track the buses using their smartphones and tablets, A GPS tracker will be placed in every bus to get the location status and a RFID reader along with the GPS tracker that helps to calculate the speed and the estimated arrival time of the bus, for every bus a unique ID will be given as route number , there are 3 layers used , sensor layer, communication layer, application layer. This paper describes a system which introduces on cloud servers and follows the logic of any time, anywhere, any how communication paradigm.

Keywords: GPS, RFID, cloud

1. Introduction
Open transport is administration giving by the legislature to the general population to make a trip starting with one place then onto the next place on sharing reason for the advantages of the overall population ,the principle reason individuals decide to open transportation are its financed rates and financially inviting where they can head out more secure when contrasted with different methods of transportsations, open transport is an administration accessible on sharing reason for the advantage of the overall population The primary reason open pick people in general transport are its sponsored rates and simple availability and it is monetarily permitting a vast populace can have admittance to it This paper proposes a
Smart Public Transport System where all significant data of the transport will be assembled and handled, and displayed to the client. This framework incorporates presenting a portion inside the transport for showing the drawing nearer transport end and the rest of the transport course the framework will annihilate the instability in entry time that explorers confront each day and turn out to be of extraordinary help with arranging their trips well ahead of time. Regardless of the possibility that the traveler knows about the landing time of the bus. More over, the framework helps in invalidating the long holding up hours at the transport stop. Along with the instability in time, there is likewise a misgiving in regards to the limit of a transport consequently by utilizing top of the line advances like UI, this paper is sorted out and very much clarified promote in giving a point by point thought on following out in the open transportation utilizing RFID and GPS and in addition existing equipment approaches. The propelled advancements having been begun executing in the transportation division to beat the real issues confronted in urban areas. with the possibility of IOT advances have empowered the improvement of open transportation administration framework. This paper exhibits a thought of following the transports at which put its been arriving and at what assessed time the transport may touch base at the transport stop, where as individuals can track the transports by its extraordinary id which is been given to all transports, individuals can check for the transports utilizing an application through his/her cell phones and gets the area subtle elements of the transport at which put its been arriving. A GPS tracker is set in every transport to get the area status of the transport alongside GPS tracker a RFID card is set together in the transport. RFID gives a remarkable ID to all transports and it is utilized to compute the assessed time, speed of that specific vehicle, when a man checks for the transports by its given id then the GPS tracker which is associated with that RFID sends the area status to the server and through the SMS portal a message is been send to the application.

2. Proposed architecture

In this framework the equipment ways to deal with ITS is subject to the sensors and miniaturized scale controllers utilized as a part of this framework, the multifaceted nature required in the packaging together of the different segments into single equipment edge work. The equipment based techniques additionally experience the ill effects of real issues because of electrical clamor, upkeep and so on. We propose a basic application and IOT based approach which can give transport following data to the suburbanites in the easy way. In this design we essentially partitioned into three sections. The on board module which comprise of sensors inside the transport, essentially used to track the position of the
transport utilizing the GPS tracker as a part of the telephone. The gathered data is been sent to the system of the gadget.

The backend comprises of a server module which gets information from the on board unit. The customer module comprises of a client application and also a SMS based framework which can be utilized by workers to track the area of the transport area and plan the calendar as indicated by it. In this we likewise attempt to put a QR code at every transport stop. QR codes demonstrate that a viable measure to give data to travelers in regards to the transports experiencing that transport stops.

Figure 1: Block diagram of navigation system.

2.1. On Board Module

In this we attempt to join GPS and RFID peruser modules together to frame a coordinated unit. We propose an application in light of UI using an assembled GPS to track the area of the transport routinely and push it to a server on a successive premise. Once the application is begun surprisingly, an intelligent action appears requesting the point by point portrayal of the specific transport course. This field incorporates transport id which is a one of a kind id being given to every last transport handling on a specific course, source station, goal station and the name of every single transport stop on the course, this demonstrates a data that last station from which the transport left, the following stop, remove staying till the following transport stop lastly the evaluated landing time (ETA) at the following transport stop. This area data is ceaselessly utilizing GPS and transfers as the transport crosses different transport stops on its way. Concurring the longitude and scope qualities are utilized to ascertain time of landing which is then sent to the server.
2.2. Arrival Time Algorithm

Previous coordinates and new coordinate to
Receive new coordinates
If (prev coordinate == new coordinates)
Start time
Calculate delay time
Add delay time to calculate final arrival time
prev coordinate = new coordinate
Else
Process new coordinate
Calculate ETA time of the bus
prev coordinate = new coordinate

3. Server Module

The web server module frame is the center of this framework. It serves as the back end apparatus. The server contains all
the data about the courses of all transports and additionally the middle of the road transport stops on the course. The
server additionally forms ask for from a customer with respect to the evaluated landing time of a transport at a specific
transport stop. The server keeps up a database of data with respect to the transports, courses and stops that are put away
in the back end .the application sends demand to the server in encoded design which is put away in the tables made on
the server , when the data achieves the server is summoned which is in charge of overhauling the data. As the transport
is going on its wanted course the server always overhauls the left from station and next from station sections in the
tables so that if a client inquiries about the accessibility of a transport at a required transport stop. The is multi-strung
and subsequently can handle different synchronous customer asks for at once. When a customer ask for comes in , the
server makes a string to the customer.

4. Client Module

we propose to build up an application on the customer side which can be utilized to progressively track the area of the
transport and accessibility at a specific transport stop alongside the ETA .accordingly suburbanites can arrange their
voyage ahead of time. Additionally the vulnerability and long holding up hours at the transport stop is totally overcome in this approach. In this the client essentially checks about the accessibility of the transport at a specific transport stop through the application and the server answers by sending the message to the client. On the off chance that the transport is not accessible or went through the enquired area the ETA of the following transport is given. In the meantime suburbanites may get SMS through passage if the system may back off.

5. Conclusion

This paper gives a thought of an effective insightful open transport administration framework that area of the transports and gauges the entry time of the following transport, each the transport send a redesigned area status to the server. The upgraded message is been sent to people in general who sends ask for utilizing cell phone. The issue of activity can be composed and controlled when more individuals will choose the proficient and conservative open transportation as medium of go on everyday premise; the suburbanites can arrange their trip well in subsequently progress, henceforth sparing a great deal of time and making the individual more beneficial. The confusion of the following arriving transport terminal is additionally comprehended by transport show module in the day by day transport schedule. To finish up this framework helps workers, drivers, furthermore the overseers of the vehicle framework in an extremely advantageous way.

References

3. X.YU et transportation activity analysis using smart phones ,in proc .ieee ccnc ,2012,pp6061
4. A.EL-Rabbany ,”GPS for vechicle navigation in introduction to gps”.
5. Mark Smith,(2015), “Intelligent mobile application for traffic monitoring”ITNG.